Student 6: High Not Achieved

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The pattern:

On the map, it shows that most of the trafficking of people happens in places such as the continents of Africa, South America and Asia. It is mostly in developing countries like Chad and Bangladesh. The reasons for trafficking in developing countries is the fact that there is a lot of problems in those places.



The factors/processes causing the pattern:

There are many causes for the trafficking of people from clusters of less developed countries to those that are more developed. The main factor is that the governments of some of these countries are corrupt e.g. Somalia, Burma They do not have laws or powers to control the illegal movement of people; they have lax border controls and 'officials willing to accept bribery to facilitate trafficking.' People can be easily trafficked from Somalia to countries all over the world...



Economic factors relating to human trafficking have a major influence on the clusters in the spatial pattern. The less developed countries make up the clusters e.g. in Africa and Asia. These countries have high levels of poverty and easily become victims to traffickers who offer them money in exchange for work. This ends up being bonded labour and the trafficked people are treated like slaves...



Effects on people:

Human trafficking has a wide range of effects on people largely depending on why and where they are taken. Some of these effects relate to health like the spread of Aids because of sex trafficking. The spread of HIV Aids is mainly linked to the trafficking of women and girls being forced in to prostitution... This leads to some girls being abandoned when they become too sick to work and they can't go home because they have no money or a passport, this was the case for Amy who was trafficked from Nepal to India...



The spread of crime and violence is seen in Africa (Sudan, Chad, Rwanda...) where boys are forced to become child soldiers... While this trafficking is often with in the same country, they are taken from their families and in some cases boy soldiers they are forced to hurt people in their own villages. Case studies show that most of these children suffer severe emotional effects and have fairly short lives...