The white dot is where the lines

$x(y+1) = 4$ (i)   and $y = 2x - 3$ (ii) cross.

substitute (ii) into (i)

$x(2x - 3 + 1) = 4$

$x(2x - 2) = 4$

$2x^2 - 2x = 4$

using graphics Calculator

$x = 2$

$y = -2 + 3 = 1$

so the white dot is at (2, 1)

①

②